

RoHS Compliant Product
A suffix of "-C" specifies halogen & lead-free

DESCRIPTION

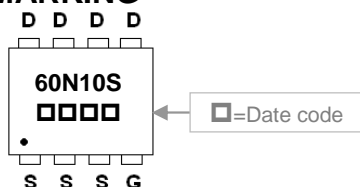
The SJP60N10S-C is the highest performance N-Ch MOSFETs with extreme high cell density, which provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$ and gate charge for most of the synchronous buck converter applications .

The SJP60N10S-C meet the RoHS and Green Product Requirement with full function reliability approved.

FEATURES

- Advanced Trench MOS Technology
- Fast Switching Speed
- Green Device Available
- Super Low Gate Charge

MARKING



PACKAGE INFORMATION

Package	MPQ	Leader Size
DFN5x6-8J	5K	13 inch

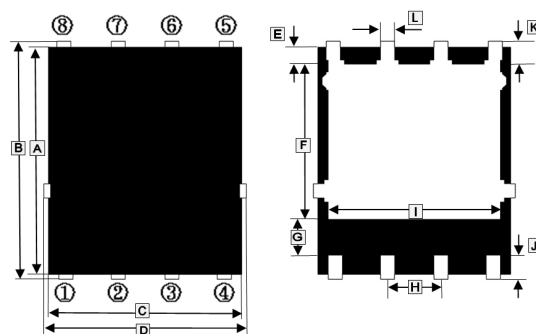
ORDER INFORMATION

Part Number	Type
SJP60N10S-C	Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free

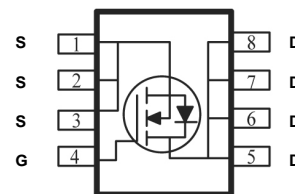
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	100	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 20	V
Continuous Drain Current ¹ @ $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$	I_D	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	60
		$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	39
Pulsed Drain Current ²	I_{DM}	160	A
Total Power Dissipation ³	P_D	56.5	W
Operating Junction & Storage Temperature	T_J, T_{STG}	-55~150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal Data			
Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient ¹	$R_{\theta JA}$	50	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Thermal Resistance Junction-Case ¹	$R_{\theta JC}$	2.2	

DFN5x6-8J



REF.	Millimeter		REF.	Millimeter	
	Min.	Max.		Min.	Max.
A	5.65	5.85	H	1.27 TYP.	
B	5.90	6.15	I	3.85	4.15
C	4.80	5.00	J	0.51	0.86
D	5.02 TYP.		K	0.55	0.85
E	0.38	0.576	L	0.33	0.50
F	3.25	3.58	M	0.254 REF.	
G	1.10	1.39	N	0.90	1.17



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	BV_{DSS}	100	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	
Gate-Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	1.2	-	2.4	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	
Gate-Source Leakage Current	I_{GSS}	-	-	± 100	nA	$V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$	
Drain-Source Leakage Current	I_{DSS}	-	-	1	μA	$V_{DS}=80\text{V}, V_{GS}=0, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	
		-	-	5		$V_{DS}=80\text{V}, V_{GS}=0, T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$	
Static Drain-Source On-Resistance ²	$R_{DS(ON)}$	-	8	11.5	m Ω	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$	
		-	11.6	15		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=10\text{A}$	
Total Gate Charge (4.5V)	Q_g	-	14	-	nC	$I_D=20\text{A}$ $V_{DS}=50\text{V}$ $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$	
Total Gate Charge		-	29	-			
Gate-Source Charge		Q_{gs}	-	6.5			-
Gate-Drain ("Miller") Change		Q_{gd}	-	5.5			-
Turn-on Delay Time	$T_{d(on)}$	-	8	-	nS	$V_{DD}=50\text{V}$ $I_D=20\text{A}$ $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$ $R_G=3.3\Omega$	
Rise Time	T_r	-	4	-			
Turn-off Delay Time	$T_{d(off)}$	-	28	-			
Fall Time	T_f	-	6	-			
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	-	2550	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0$ $V_{DS}=50\text{V}$ $f=1\text{MHz}$	
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}	-	305	-			
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}	-	12	-			
Source-Drain Diode							
Diode Forward Voltage ²	V_{SD}	-	-	1.2	V	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	
Continuous Source Current ^{1 4}	I_S	-	-	60	A	$V_G=V_D=0, \text{Force Current}$	
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	-	45	-	nS	$I_F=20\text{A}, di/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s},$	
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}	-	165	-	nC	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	

Notes:

1. The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch² FR-4 board with 2OZ copper.
2. The data tested by pulsed, pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
3. The power dissipation is limited by 150 $^\circ\text{C}$ junction temperature.
4. The data is theoretically the same as I_D and I_{DM} , in real applications, should be limited by total power dissipation.

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

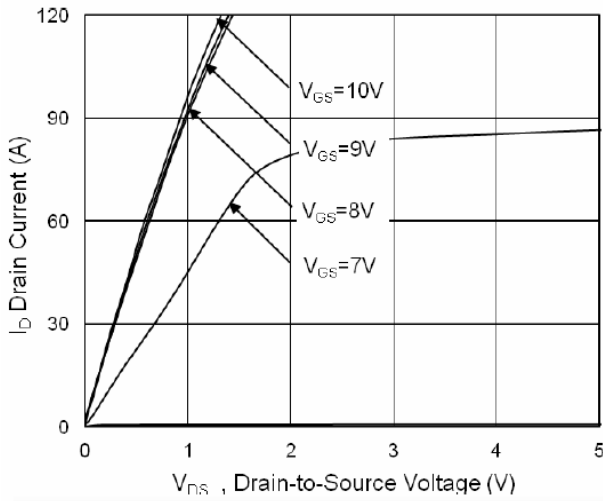


Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics

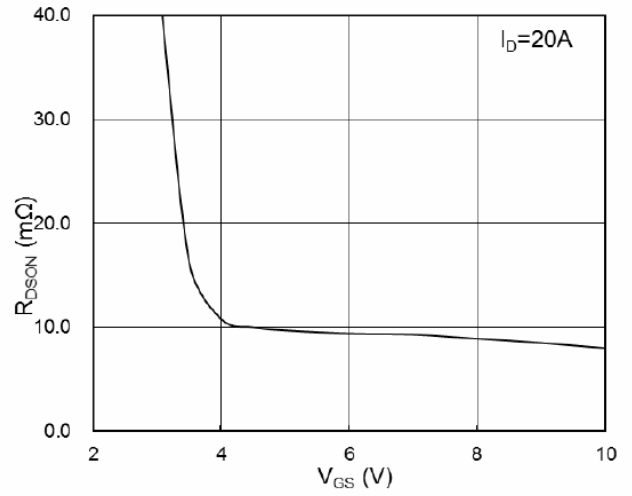


Fig.2 On-Resistance vs G-S Voltage

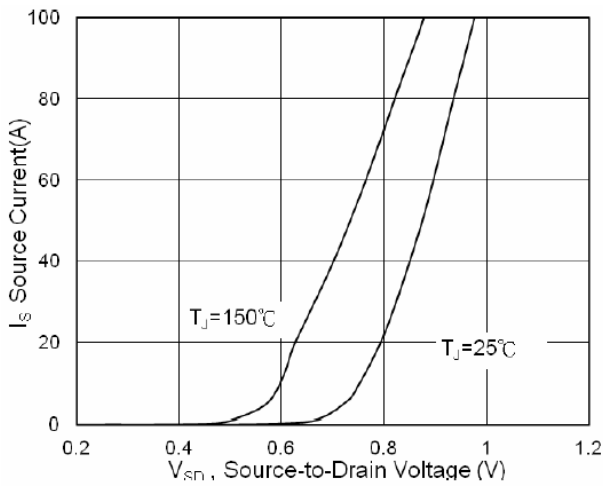


Fig.3 Source Drain Forward Characteristics

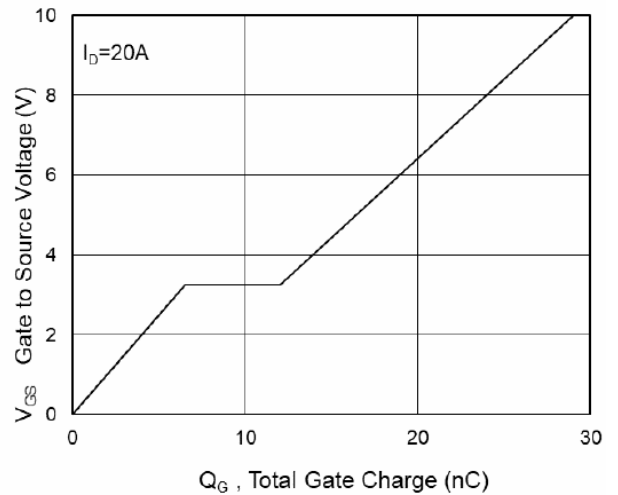


Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics

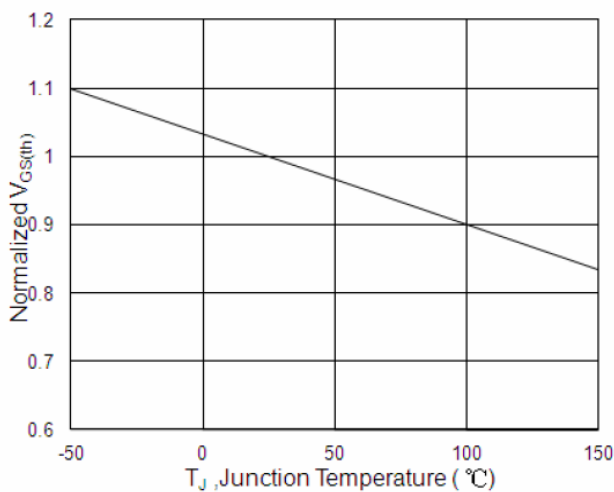


Fig.5 Normalized $V_{GS(th)}$ vs T_J

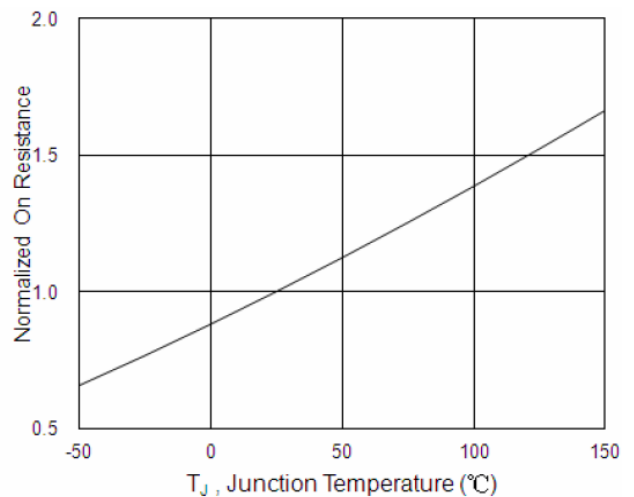


Fig.6 Normalized $R_{DS(ON)}$ vs T_J

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

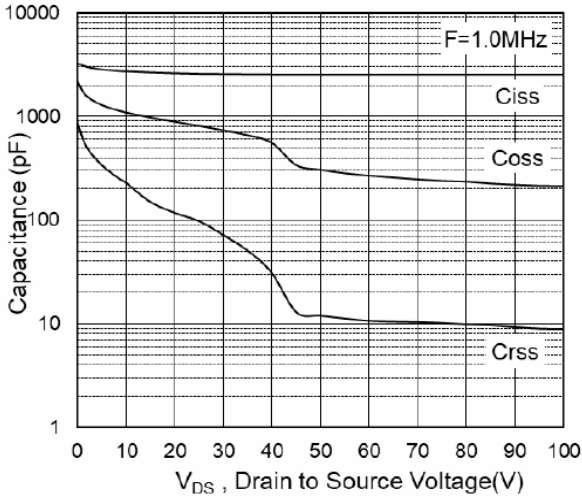


Fig.7 Capacitance

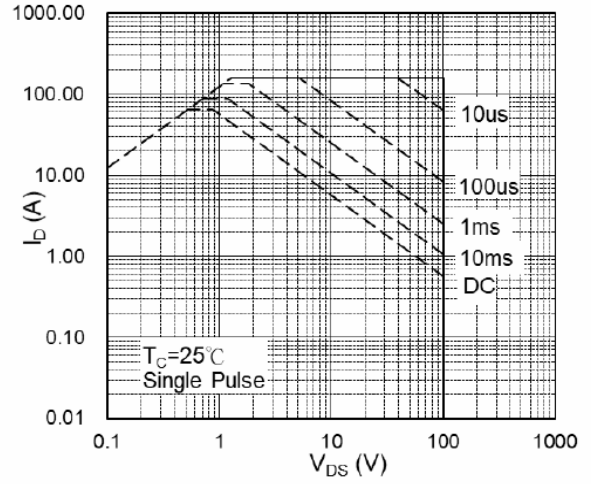


Fig.8 Safe Operating Area

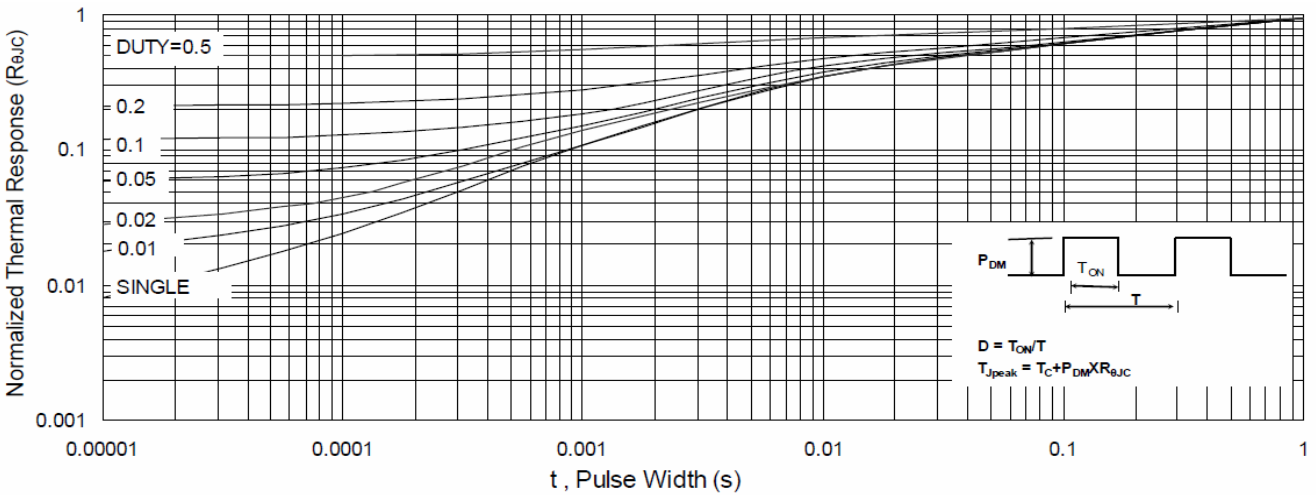


Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

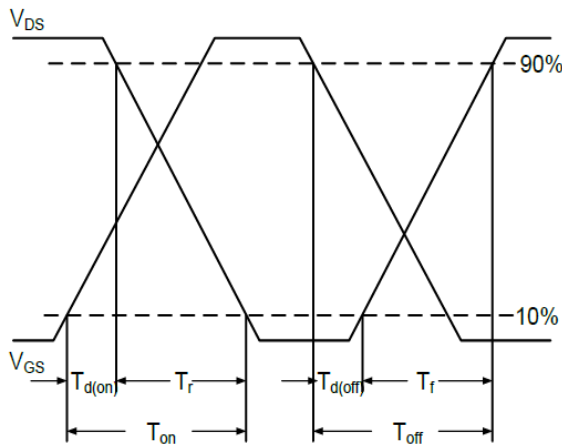


Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform

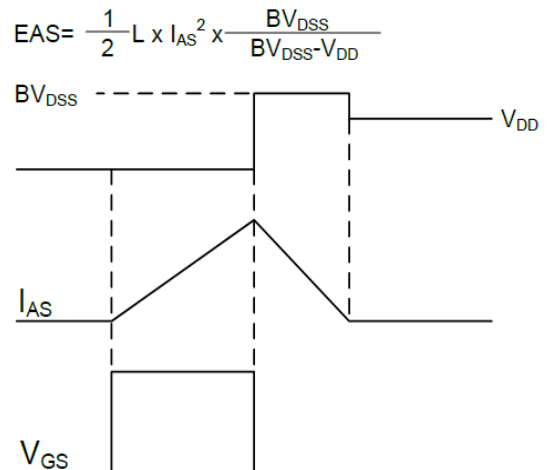


Fig.11 Unclamped Inductive Switching Waveform