

RoHS Compliant Product  
A suffix of "-C" specifies halogen free

## DESCRIPTION

The SSE45N06-C is the highest performance trench N-ch MOSFETs with extreme high cell density, which provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$  and gate charge for most of the synchronous buck converter applications.

The SSE45N06-C meet the RoHS and Green Product requirement with full function reliability approved.

## FEATURES

- Advanced high cell density Trench technology
- Super Low Gate Charge
- Green Device Available

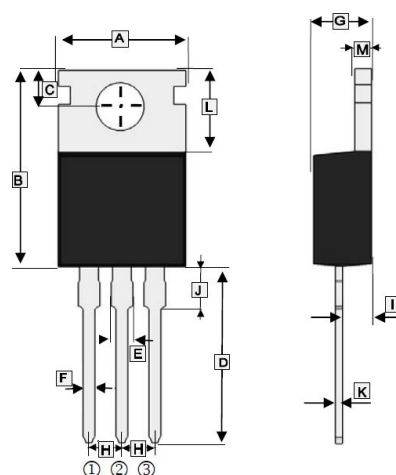
## MARKING



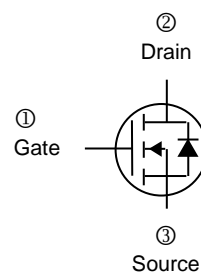
## ORDER INFORMATION

Part Number	Type
SSE45N06-C	Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free

## TO-220



REF.	Millimeter		REF.	Millimeter	
	Min.	Max.		Min.	Max.
A	9.70	10.60	H	2.54 TYP.	
B	14.22	16.5	I	2.03	2.92
C	2.54	3.40	J	2.70	3.30
D	12.7	14.7	K	0.33	0.65
E	1.17	1.78	L	5.5	7
F	0.4	1.00	M	1.20	1.40
G	3.60	4.82			



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>A</sub>=25°C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	60	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub>	±20	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>1</sup> @V <sub>GS</sub> =10V	I <sub>D</sub>	T <sub>C</sub> =25°C	45
		T <sub>C</sub> =100°C	29
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>2</sup>	I <sub>DM</sub>	100	A
Power Dissipation <sup>3</sup>	P <sub>D</sub>	74	W
Operating Junction & Storage Temperature	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55~150	°C
<b>Thermal Resistance Rating</b>			
Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient <sup>1</sup>	R <sub>θJA</sub>	62	°C/W
Thermal Resistance Junction-Case <sup>1</sup>	R <sub>θJC</sub>	1.68	

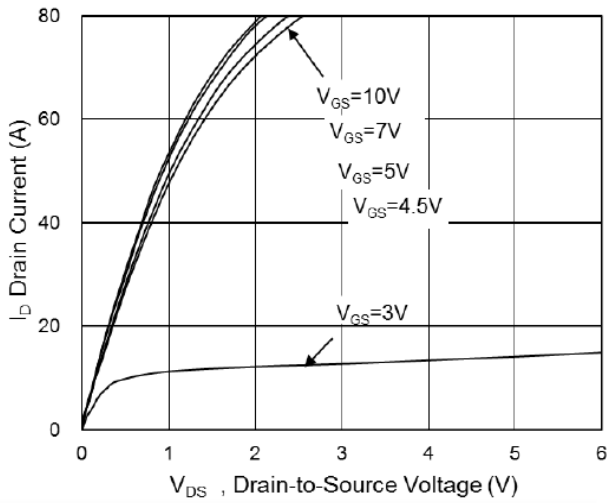
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J=25^\circ C$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	60	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V, I_D=250\mu A$	
Gate-Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	1	-	2.5	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu A$	
Forward Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	-	25	-	S	$V_{DS}=5V, I_D=20A$	
Gate-Source Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	-	-	$\pm 100$	nA	$V_{GS}=\pm 20V, V_{DS}=0V$	
Drain-Source Leakage Current	$I_{DSS}$	$T_J=25^\circ C$	-	-	1	$\mu A$	$V_{DS}=48V, V_{GS}=0V$
		$T_J=55^\circ C$	-	-	5		
Static Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>2</sup>	$R_{DS(ON)}$	-	-	20	m $\Omega$	$V_{GS}=10V, I_D=20A$	
		-	-	26		$V_{GS}=4.5V, I_D=10A$	
Total Gate Charge	$Q_g$	-	19.3	-	nC	$I_D=15A$ $V_{DS}=48V$ $V_{GS}=4.5V$	
Gate-Source Charge	$Q_{gs}$	-	7.1	-			
Gate-Drain Charge	$Q_{gd}$	-	7.6	-			
Turn-on Delay Time	$T_{d(on)}$	-	7.2	-	nS	$V_{DD}=30V$ $I_D=15A$ $V_{GS}=10V$ $R_G=3.3\Omega$	
Rise Time	$T_r$	-	50	-			
Turn-off Delay Time	$T_{d(off)}$	-	36.4	-			
Fall Time	$T_f$	-	7.6	-			
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	-	2423	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$ $V_{DS}=15V$ $f=1MHz$	
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$	-	145	-			
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	-	97	-			
<b>Source-Drain Diode</b>							
Diode Forward Voltage <sup>2</sup>	$V_{SD}$	-	-	1	V	$I_S=1A, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=25^\circ C$	
Continuous Source Current <sup>1,4</sup>	$I_S$	-	-	45	A	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}=0V, \text{Force Current}$	
Reverse Recovery Time	$T_{rr}$	-	16.3	-	ns	$I_F=15A, di/dt=100A/\mu s,$	
Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{rr}$	-	11	-	nC	$T_J=25^\circ C$	

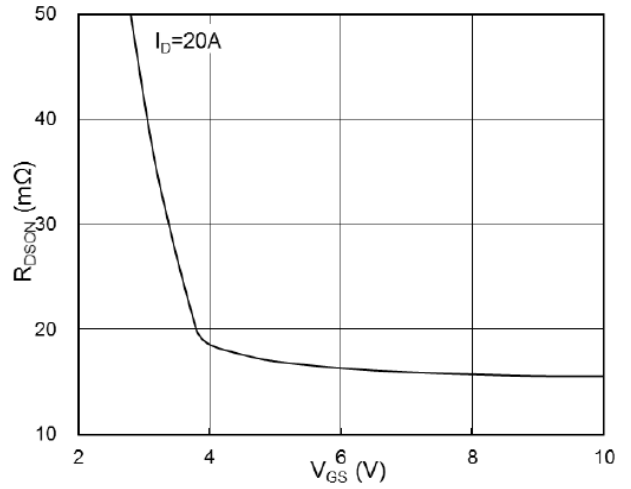
Notes:

1. The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz copper.
2. The data tested by pulsed, pulse width $\leq 300\mu s$ , Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$ .
3. The power dissipation is limited by 150 $^\circ C$  junction temperature.
4. The data is theoretically the same as  $I_D$  and  $I_{DM}$ , in real applications, should be limited by total power dissipation.

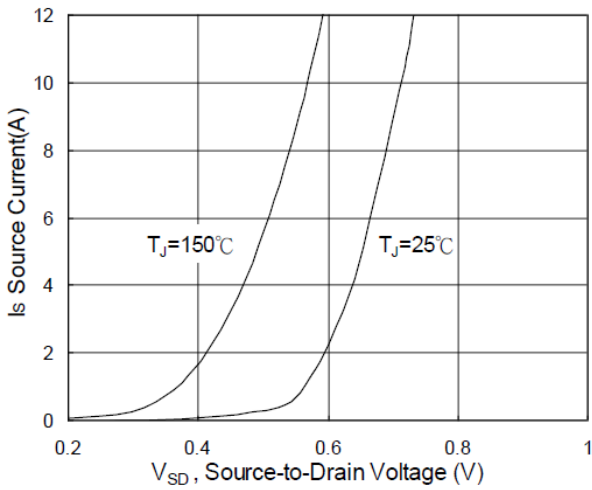
**CHARACTERISTIC CURVES**



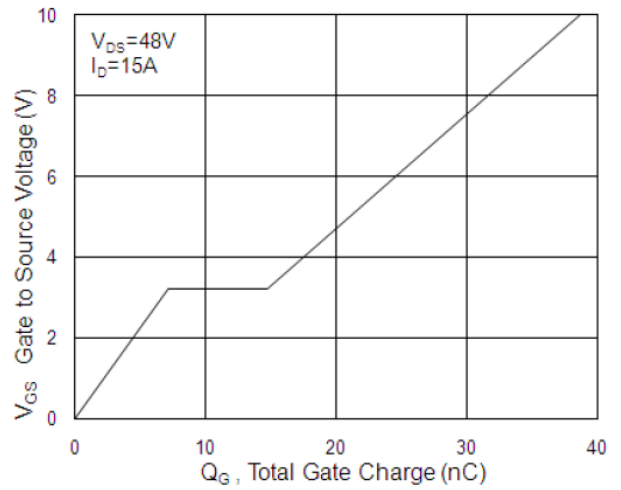
**Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics**



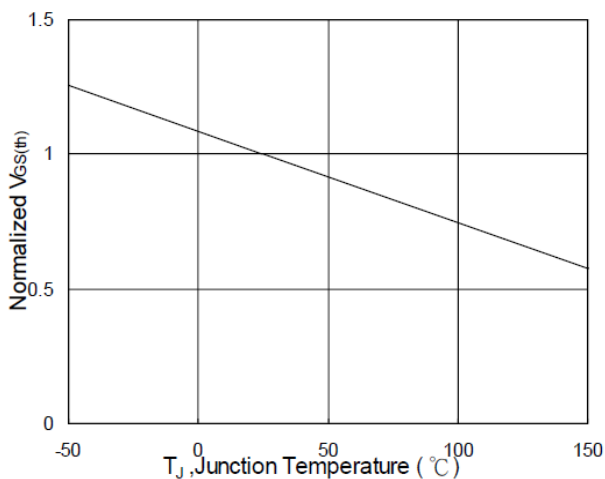
**Fig.2 On-Resistance vs Gate-Source Voltage**



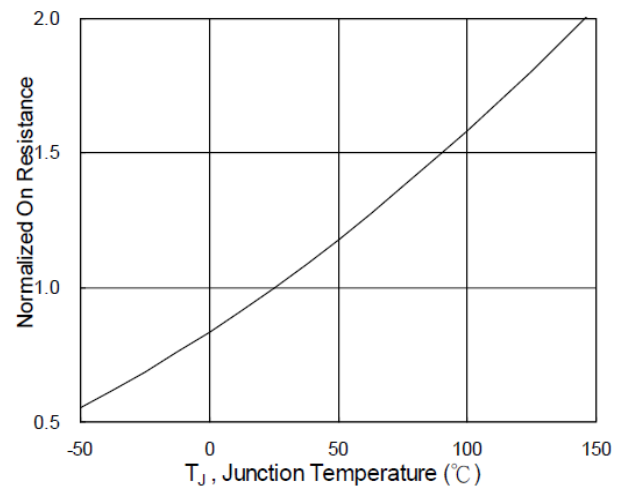
**Fig.3 Forward Characteristics of Reverse**



**Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics**

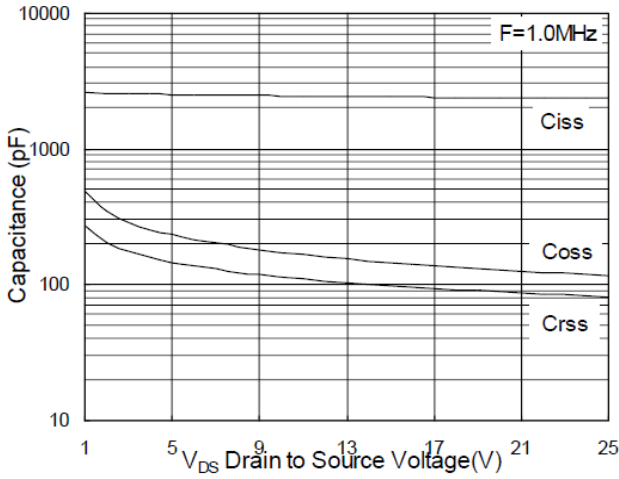


**Fig.5 Normalized  $V_{GS(th)}$  vs  $T_J$**

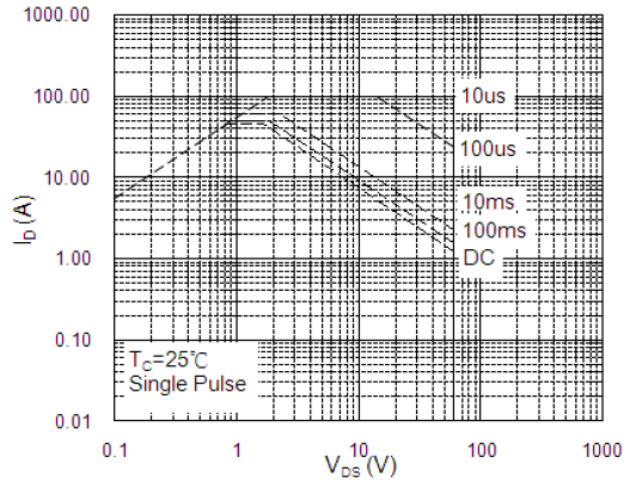


**Fig.6 Normalized  $R_{DS(on)}$  vs  $T_J$**

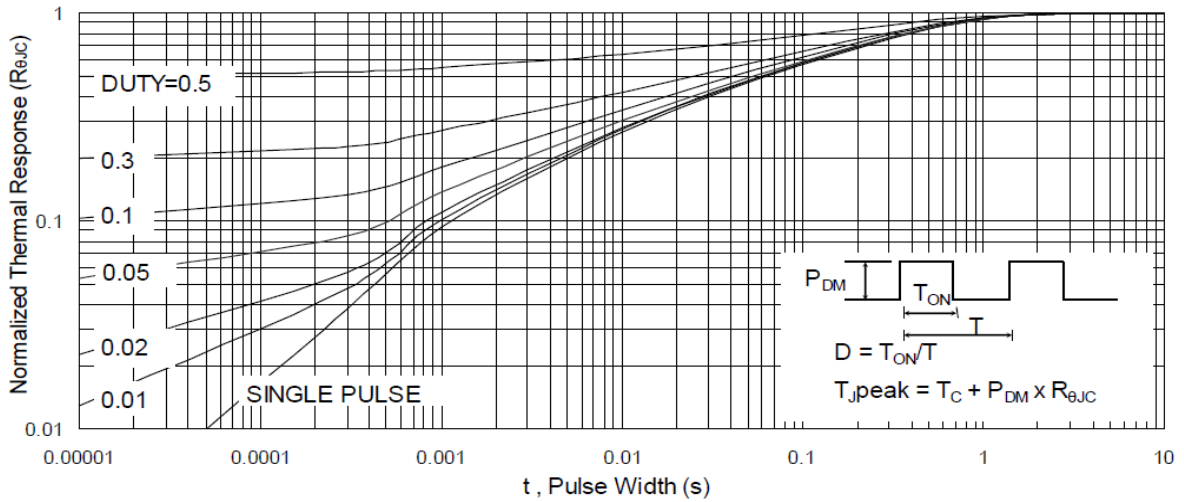
**CHARACTERISTIC CURVES**



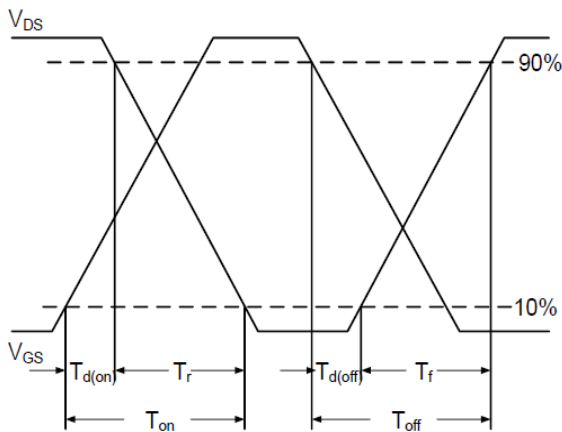
**Fig.7 Capacitance**



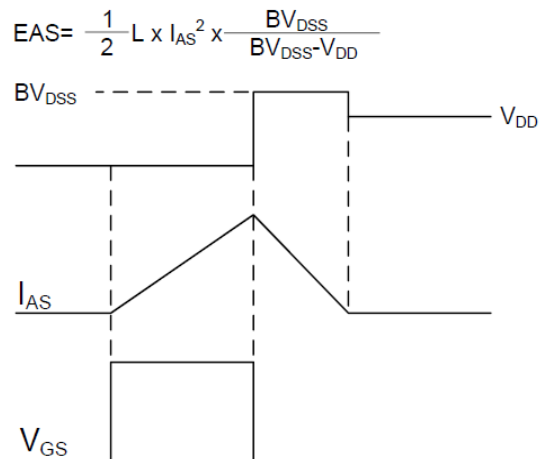
**Fig.8 Safe Operating Area**



**Fig.9 Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance**



**Fig.10 Switching Time Waveform**



**Fig.11 Unclamped Inductive Switching Waveform**