

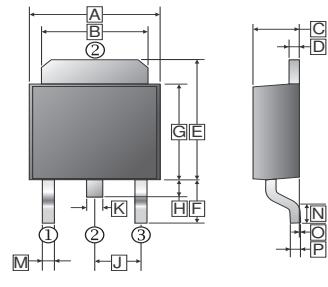
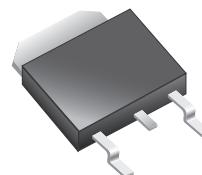
RoHS Compliant Product  
A suffix of "-C" specifies halogen free

## DESCRIPTION

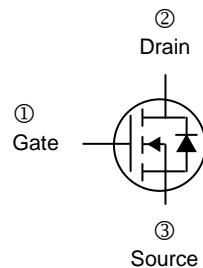
The SSD25N10 is the highest performance trench N-ch MOSFETs with extreme high cell density, which provide excellent  $R_{DS(on)}$  and gate charge for most of the synchronous buck converter applications.

The SSD25N10 meet the RoHS and Green Product requirement with full function reliability approved.

## TO-252(D-Pack)



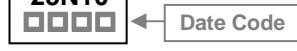
REF.	Millimeter		REF.	Millimeter	
	Min.	Max.		Min.	Max.
A	6.35	6.9	J	2.3	REF.
B	4.95	5.53	K	0.89	REF.
C	2.1	2.5	M	0.45	1.14
D	0.41	0.9	N	1.55	Typ.
E	6	7.5	O	0	0.13
F	2.90	REF	P	0.58	REF.
G	5.4	6.4			
H	0.6	1.2			



## FEATURES

- Advanced high cell density Trench technology
- Super Low Gate Charge
- Green Device Available

## MARKING



## PACKAGE INFORMATION

Package	MPQ	Leader Size
TO-252	2.5K	13 inch

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>A</sub>=25°C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub>	100	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V <sub>GS</sub>	±20	V
Continuous Drain Current @ V <sub>GS</sub> =10V <sup>1</sup>	I <sub>D</sub>	25	A
T <sub>C</sub> =100°C		15	A
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>3</sup>	I <sub>DM</sub>	45	A
Total Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	52	W
T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		2	
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55~150	°C

## Thermal Resistance Rating

Maximum Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient <sup>1</sup>	R <sub>θJA</sub>	62.5	°C / W
Maximum Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient <sup>2</sup>		110	°C / W
Maximum Thermal Resistance Junction-Case <sup>1</sup>	R <sub>θJC</sub>	2.4	°C / W

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	100	-	-	V	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0$ , $I_D=250\mu\text{A}$
Gate-Threshold Voltage	$\text{V}_{\text{GS(th)}}$	1	-	2.5	V	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=\text{V}_{\text{GS}}$ , $I_D=250\mu\text{A}$
Gate-Source Leakage Current	$I_{\text{GSS}}$	-	-	$\pm 100$	nA	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}= \pm 20\text{V}$
Drain-Source Leakage Current	$I_{\text{DSS}}$	-	-	1	$\mu\text{A}$	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=80\text{V}$ , $\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0$
		-	-	100		$\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=80\text{V}$ , $\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0$
Static Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>4</sup>	$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	-	43	48	$\text{m}\Omega$	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}$ , $I_D=25\text{A}$
		-	45	50		$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}$ , $I_D=15\text{A}$
Total Gate Charge	$Q_g$	-	59	-	nC	$I_D=20\text{A}$ $\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=80\text{V}$ $\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}$
Gate-Source Charge	$Q_{\text{gs}}$	-	9.7	-		
Gate-Drain Change	$Q_{\text{gd}}$	-	11.8	-		
Turn-on Delay Time <sup>2</sup>	$T_{\text{d(on)}}$	-	10.4	-	nS	$\text{V}_{\text{DD}}=50\text{V}$ $I_D=20\text{A}$ $\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}$ $R_G=3.3\Omega$
Rise Time	$T_r$	-	46	-		
Turn-off Delay Time	$T_{\text{d(off)}}$	-	54	-		
Fall Time	$T_f$	-	10	-		
Input Capacitance	$C_{\text{iss}}$	-	3848	-	pF	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0$ $\text{V}_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}$ $f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
Output Capacitance	$C_{\text{oss}}$	-	137	-		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{\text{rss}}$	-	82	-		
Gate Resistance	$R_g$	-	1.6	4	$\Omega$	$f=1\text{MHz}$
<b>Source-Drain Diode</b>						
Continuous Source Current <sup>1</sup>	$I_s$	-	-	25	A	$\text{V}_D=\text{V}_G=0$ , Force Current
Pulsed Source Current <sup>3</sup>	$I_{\text{SM}}$	-	-	45	A	
Diode Forward Voltage <sup>4</sup>	$\text{V}_{\text{SD}}$	-	-	1.2	V	$I_s=1\text{A}$ , $\text{V}_{\text{GS}}=0$ , $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Recovery Time	$T_{\text{rr}}$	-	30	-	nS	$I_F=20\text{A}$ , $dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ , $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{\text{rr}}$	-	37	-	nC	

Notes:

1. The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2OZ copper.
2. when mounted on minimum pad of 2 oz. copper
3. The power dissipation is limited by  $150^\circ\text{C}$  junction temperature
4. The data tested by pulsed , pulse width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$  , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$

## CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

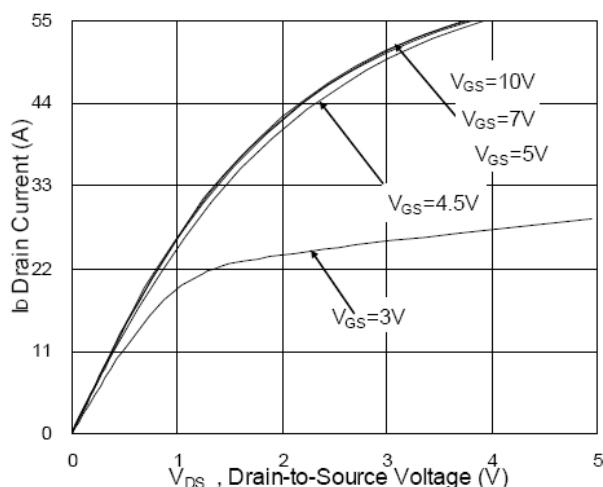


Fig.1 Typical Output Characteristics

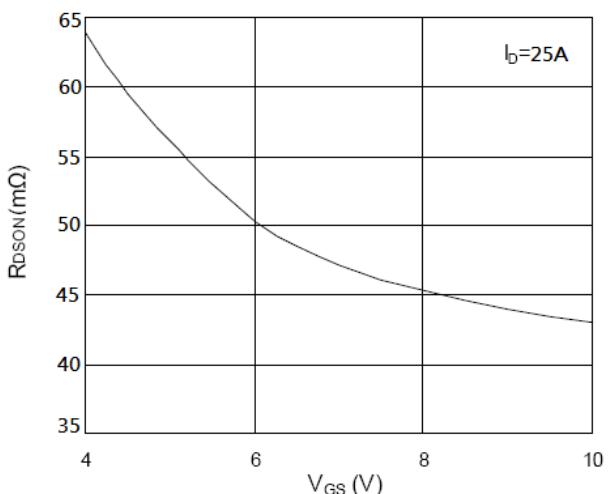


Fig.2 On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source

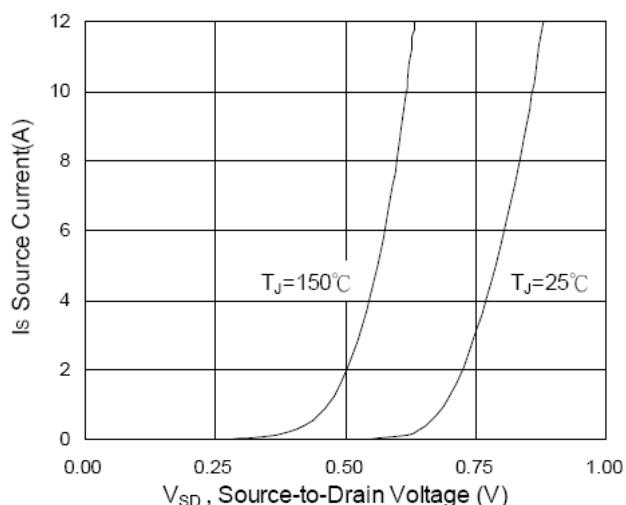


Fig.3 Forward Characteristics Of Reverse

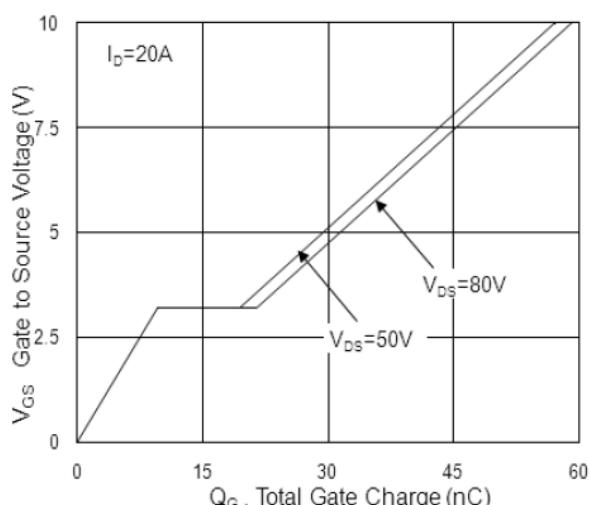


Fig.4 Gate-Charge Characteristics

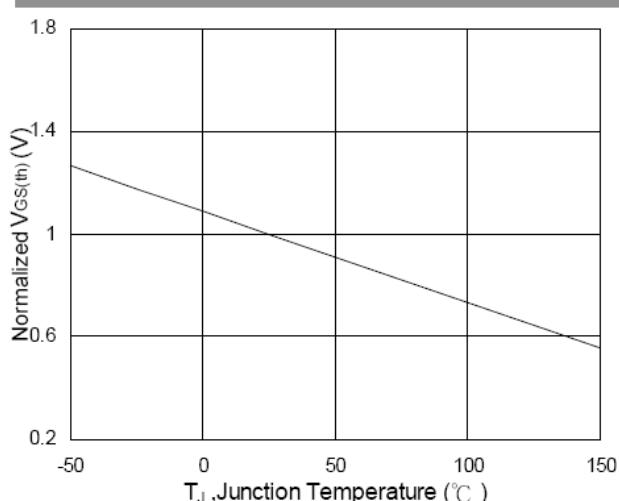


Fig.5 Normalized V<sub>GS(th)</sub> vs. T<sub>J</sub>

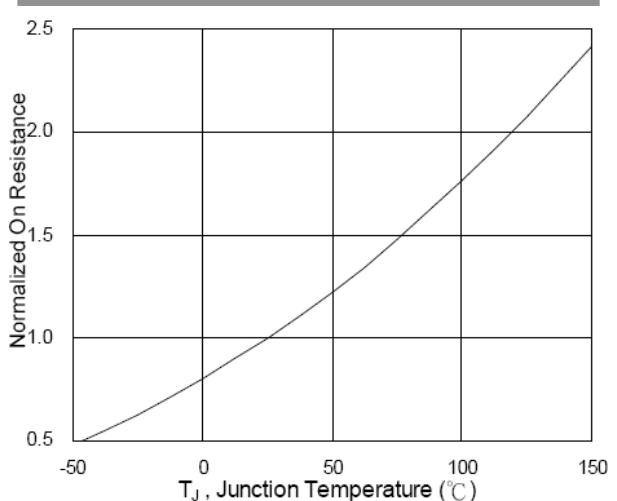


Fig.6 Normalized R<sub>DSON</sub> vs. T<sub>J</sub>

## CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

