

RoHS Compliant Product  
A suffix of "-C" specifies halogen free

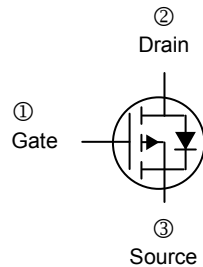
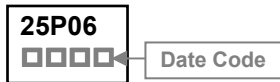
### DESCRIPTION

The SSD25P06 is the highest performance trench P-ch MOSFETs with extreme high cell density, which provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$  and gate for most of the synchronous buck converter applications. The SSD25P06 meet the RoHS and Green Product with Function reliability approved.

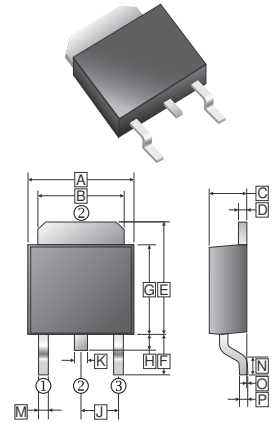
### FEATURES

- $R_{DS(on)} \leq 40m\Omega$  @  $V_{GS} = -10V$
- $R_{DS(on)} \leq 50m\Omega$  @  $V_{GS} = -4.5V$
- Advanced high Cell Density Trench Technology
- Super Low Gate Charge
- Green Device Available
- TO-252 Package

### MARKING



**TO-252(D-Pack)**



REF.	Millimeter		REF.	Millimeter	
	Min.	Max.		Min.	Max.
A	6.35	6.90	J	2.336	REF.
B	4.95	5.53	K	0.89	REF.
C	2.10	2.50	M	0.45	1.14
D	0.665 Typ.		N	1.55 Typ.	
E	6.0	7.5	O	0	0.13
F	2.90 REF.		P	0.58 REF.	
G	5.40	6.40			
H	0.60	1.20			

### PACKAGE INFORMATION

Package	MPQ	Leader Size
TO-252	2.5K	13 inch

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	-60	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	V
Continuous Drain Current, @ $V_{GS}=10V$ <sup>1</sup>	$I_D$	$T_C=25^\circ C$	-25
		$T_C=100^\circ C$	-18
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>2</sup>	$I_{DM}$	-50	A
Power Dissipation <sup>1</sup>	$P_D$	40	W
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 ~ 150	$^\circ C$
<b>Thermal Resistance Ratings</b>			
Maximum Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient <sup>1</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	62.5	$^\circ C / W$
Maximum Thermal Resistance Junction-Ambient		110	
Maximum Thermal Resistance Junction-Case <sup>1</sup>	$R_{\theta JC}$	3.1	

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

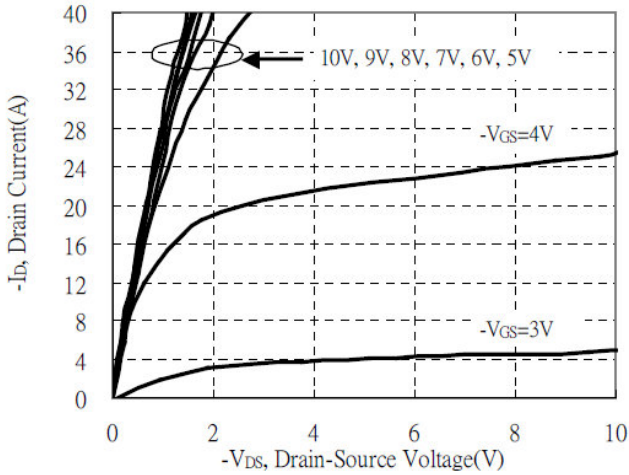
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test conditions	
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$BV_{DSS}$	-60	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0, I_D = -250\mu\text{A}$	
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	-1	-	-2.5	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D = -250\mu\text{A}$	
Forward Transfer conductance	$g_{fs}$	-	13	-	S	$V_{DS} = -5\text{V}, I_D = -6\text{A}$	
Gate-Source Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	-	-	$\pm 100$	nA	$V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{V}$	
Drain-Source Leakage Current	$I_{DSS}$	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	-1	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{DS} = -48\text{V}, V_{GS}=0$
		$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	-25		
Static Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>3</sup>	$R_{DS(ON)}$	-	33	40	m $\Omega$	$V_{GS} = -10\text{V}, I_D = -10\text{A}$	
		-	45	50		$V_{GS} = -4.5\text{V}, I_D = -5\text{A}$	
Total Gate Charge	$Q_g$	-	38.7	-	nC	$I_D = -6.2\text{A}$	
Gate-Source Charge	$Q_{gs}$	-	8.6	-		$V_{DS} = -30\text{V}$	
Gate-Drain ("Miller") Change	$Q_{gd}$	-	9	-		$V_{GS} = -10\text{V}$	
Turn-on Delay Time	$T_{d(on)}$	-	9.7	-	Ns	$V_{DD} = -30\text{V}$	
Rise Time	$T_r$	-	6.2	-		$I_D = -6\text{A}$	
Turn-off Delay Time	$T_{d(off)}$	-	34	-		$V_{GS} = -10\text{V}$	
Fall Time	$T_f$	-	14.3	-		$R_G=3\Omega$ $R_L=4.7\Omega$	
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	-	1910	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0$	
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$	-	98.3	-		$V_{DS} = -30\text{V}$	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$	-	62.8	-		$f=1.0\text{MHz}$	
<b>Source-Drain Diode</b>							
Diode Forward Voltage <sup>1</sup>	$I_S$	-	-	-4.2	A		
Continuous Source Current <sup>2</sup>	$I_{SM}$	-	-	-16	A		
Forward On Voltage <sup>3</sup>	$V_{SD}$	-	-0.72	-1.2	V	$I_S = -1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0$	
Reverse Recovery Time	$T_{rr}$	-	32	-	nS	$I_F = -6\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	
Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{rr}$	-	44	-	nC	$T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	

Notes:

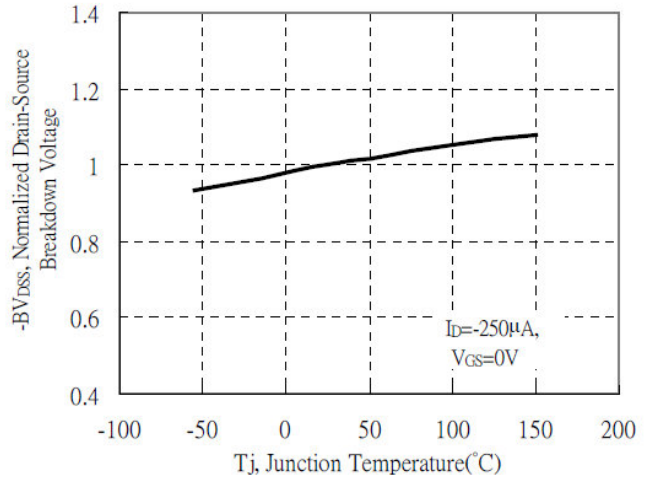
1. The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz copper.
2. The power dissipation is limited by 150°C junction temperature.
3. The data tested by pulsed, pulse width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVE**

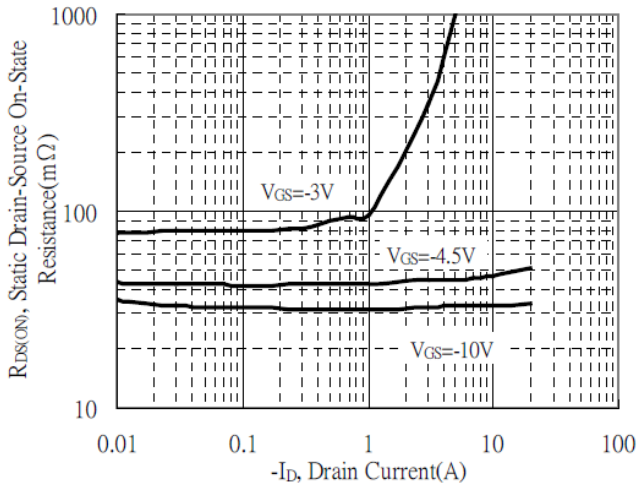
Typical Output Characteristics



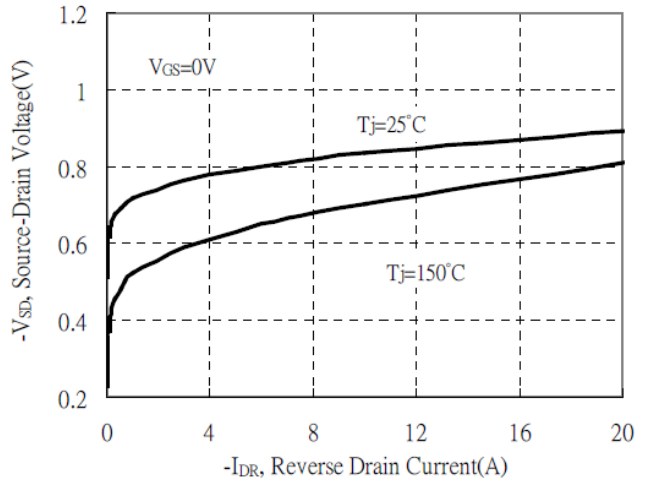
Brekdown Voltage vs Temperature



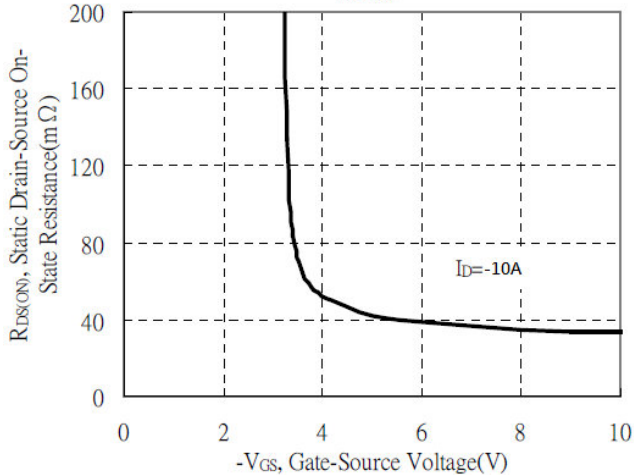
Static Drain-Source On-State resistance vs Drain Current



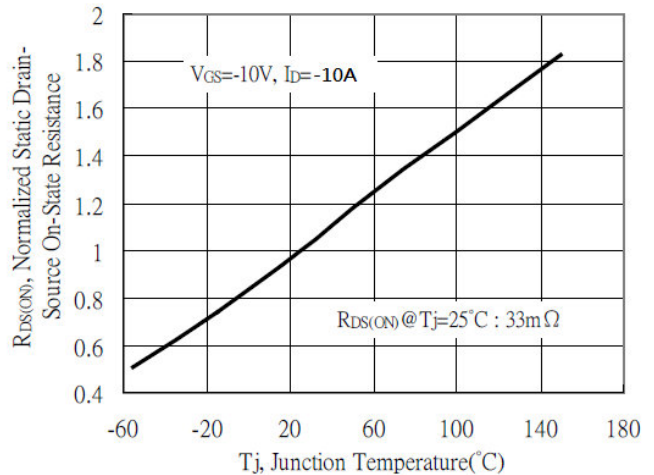
Reverse Drain Current vs Source-Drain Voltage



Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance vs Gate-Source Voltage

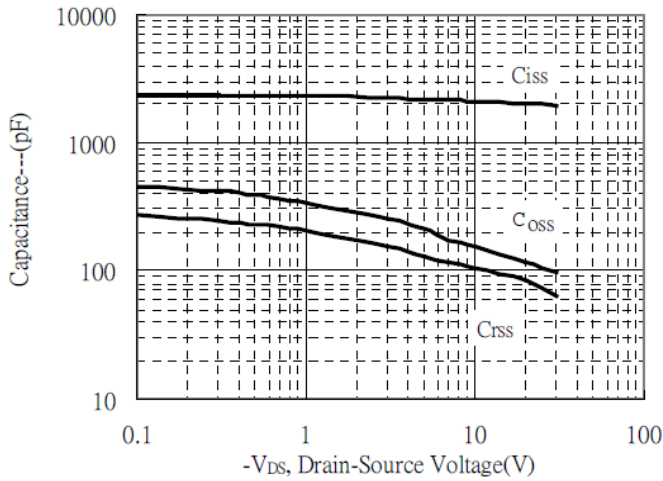


Drain-Source On-State Resistance vs Junction Temperature

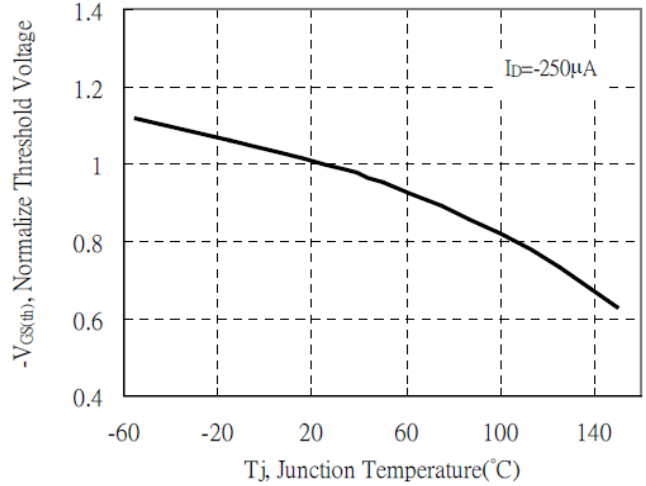


**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVE**

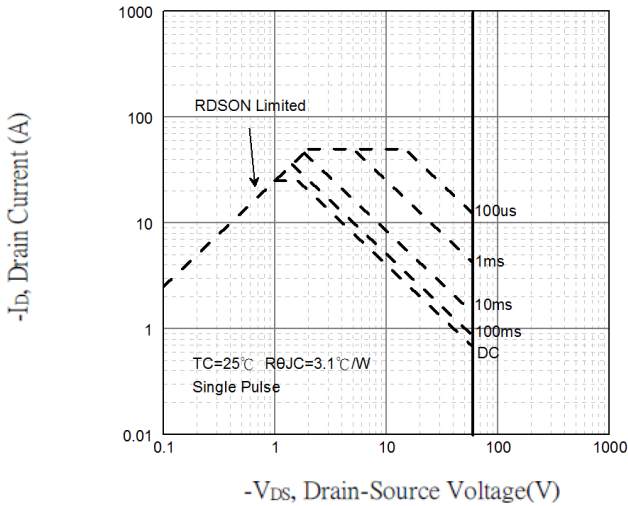
Capacitance vs Drain-to-Source Voltage



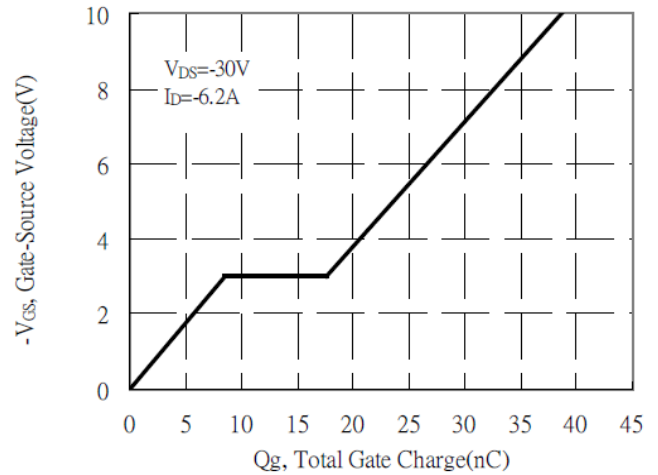
Threshold Voltage vs Junction Temperature



Maximum Safe Operating Area



Gate Charge Characteristics



Transient Thermal Response Curves

